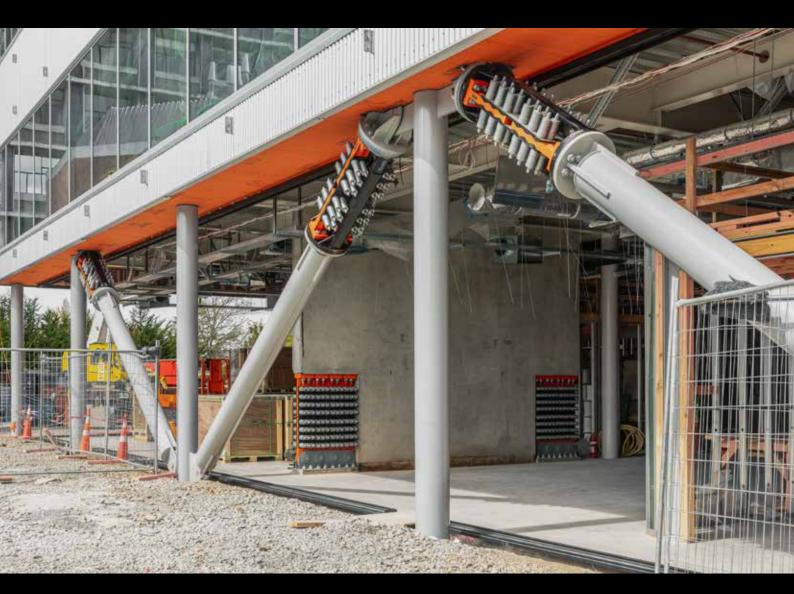
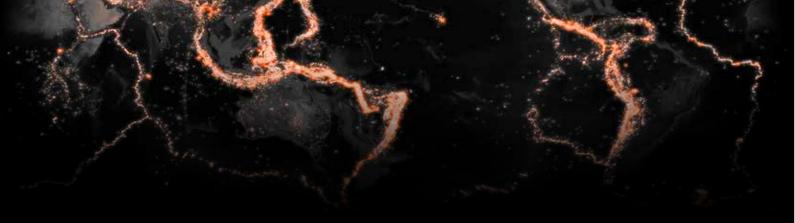


# PRODUCT GUIDE



CUTTING EDGE SEISMIC PROTECTION TECHNOLOGY





## SEISMIC CONNECTIONS. MAXIMUM RESILIENCE

Tectonus next-generation seismic connections significantly improve the seismic resilience of buildings in earthquake-prone regions.

Trusted by leading engineers on over 20 projects, the patented technology dampens and self-centers all in one, creating new possibilities in structural design - whether new build or retrofit, mass timber, steel and concrete.

Unlike seismic devices that are one and done, Tectonus connections protect structures continuously through effective energy dissipation and automatic self-centering. The device itself needs no repair or replacement after an

event, and building damage is greatly minimized allowing owners and occupiers to get back to work quickly.

Tectonus-based designs are often cost neutral or even cost positive. Thanks to a much lower overstrength factor than alternative devices, structural members can be reduced, saving on material cost and labor.

Sustainability is a key driver. Less concrete and steel means less embodied carbon, and Tectonus enables multi-story mass timber structures in high seismic areas. Not to mention the carbon cost of knocking whole buildings down after an earthquake.

### **PROJECT BENEFITS**

### **DESIGN AND BUILD STAGE**

- Can reduce materials used in the lateral system and foundations
- Can reduce embodied carbon
- Can result in less on site labour
- Quick to install simply bolt in place
- Every unit is tested to the design level earthquake, giving ultimate assurance

### **IN USE**

- Rugged, durable design
- Zero maintenance (only visual inspection at 25 years)

### **AFTER EARTHOUAKE**

- Continuous protection through earthquake and aftershocks – devices do not need repair or replacement
- Limits damage by minimizing residual drift
- Enables occupants and operations to get back up running in days



### THE TECTONUS DEVICE

The device consists of two outer cap plates and two center plates with elongated holes. The outer cap plates and the center plates are grooved and clamped together with high-strength bolts and disc springs.

### HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS CENTER PLATES WITH · Retrofit Cost-effective · Compact · Easy implementation **NUTS AND** DOME NUTS

### **ADVANTAGES**

- · Effectively dissipates energy
- · Self-centering
- · Continued damage avoidance
- · No post event maintenance required
- · Applicable to all types of buildings
- · Structural health monitoring

### **KEY CHARACTERISTICS**

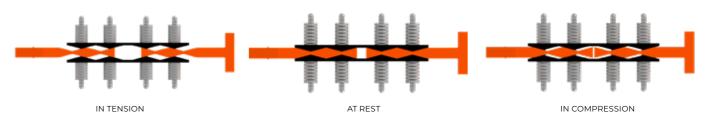
- · Bolts only work in tension
- · Cap plate can't "jump" the ridge
- · At F<sub>ult</sub>, disc springs are fully flattened

- · Gap in center allows for compression deformation
- · All parts remain within their elastic range up to F.,
- · Device returns to its original "rest" position every time

### **HOW IT WORKS**

When the applied force overcomes the frictional resistance between the sloped bearing surfaces, the center plates start to slide and energy will be dissipated through friction during cycles of sliding. The patented shape of the plate ridges along with the use of disc springs and high strength bolts provide the desirable self-centering characteristic.

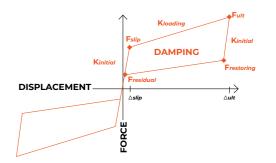
The angle of the grooves is designed such that at the time of unloading, the reversing force induced by the elastically compacted disc springs is larger than the friction force acting between the facing surfaces. Therefore, the system is recentered upon unloading.



### FLAG SHAPE BEHAVIOUR

The compact and scalable configuration of the Tectonus device offers design freedom for any application as any flag shape response can be achieved.

The device load deformation is geometrically non-linear and all parts remain within their material elastic range within the design earthquake. The device provides 10 to 15% hysteretic damping depending on the range of deformation specified. All parts of the device are capacity designed.



### THIS PRODUCT GUIDE

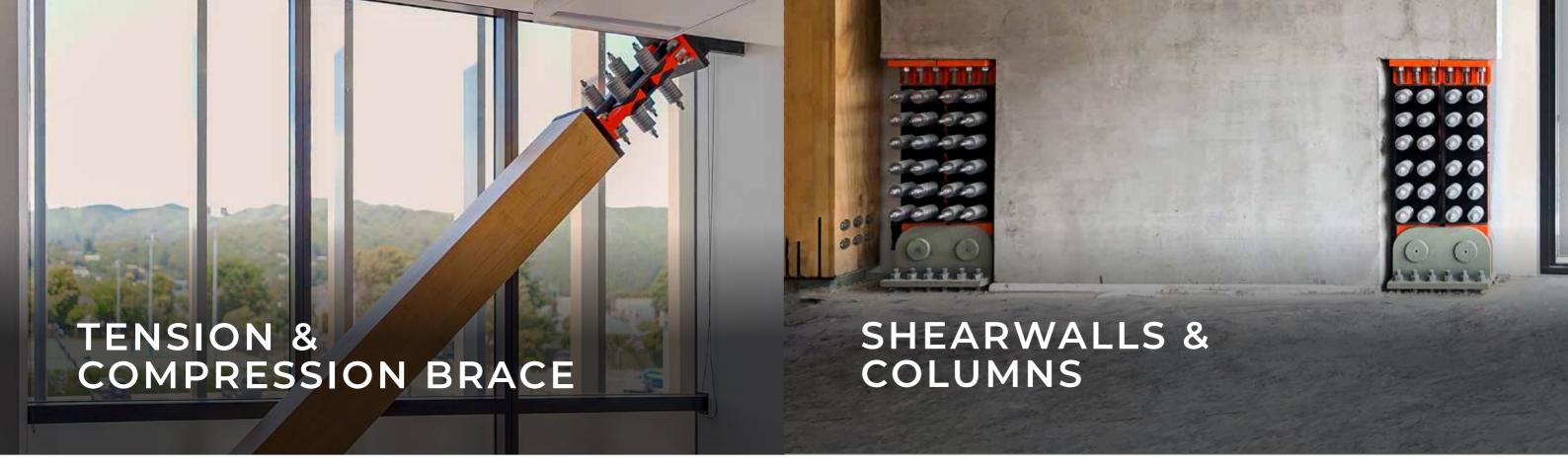
Follow this product guide for overview of application options using Tectonus devices. Refer to page 10 for the product table. To design with Tectonus devices, refer to the Structural Modelling Guide which can be found on the Tectonus website.

Our in-house engineering team provides custom support from project concept to peer review.

Structural analysis and design software ETABS / SAP2000.







The Tectonus devices are installed within the brace member and provide the axial fuse while ensuring that the buckling resistance is not compromised.

### **ADVANTAGES**

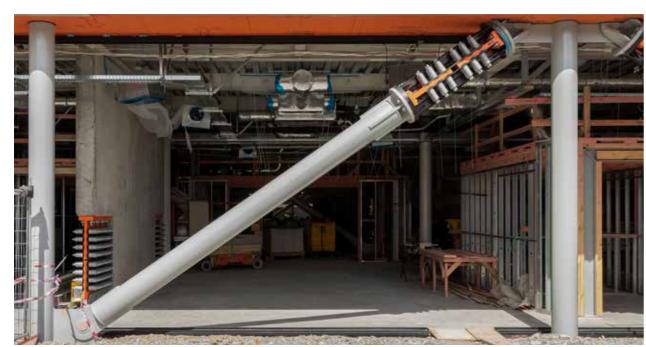
- · Self-centering & NO post event maintenance
- · Can be installed in parallel to increase the capacity
- · Arrives on site ready for installation
- · Installation can be carried out by a 2 person team
- Length of diagonal brace can be adjusted for site imperfections
- · NO out of plane buckling

### **APPLICATIONS**

New and retrofit projects, and can be implemented to all types of buildings;

Steel, timber, concrete, or a hybrid of any.

- Multi story
- · Industrial applications
- · Industrial pallet racks



The Tectonus devices resist the rocking shear wall over-turning forces and are designed for out-of-plane deformation compatibility.

### **ADVANTAGES**

- · Self-centering
- No post event maintenance: Reduced costs when considering earthquake sequences
- Scalability: can be installed in groups to increase the capacity
- Arrives on site ready for installation (no secondary steps required)
- · The pin and swivel bearing allow for +/- 5% rotation

### **APPLICATIONS**

New and retrofit projects, and can be implemented to all types of buildings;

Steel, timber, concrete, or a hybrid of any.

- Multi story
- · Industrial applications



4



The Tectonus devices provide the tension fuse to the braces and prevent out-of-plane buckling.

### **ADVANTAGES**

- · Self-centering & NO post event maintenance
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Can be installed in parallel to increase the capacity
- · Arrives on site ready for installation
- · Installation can be carried out by a 2 person team
- Length of diagonal brace can be adjusted for site imperfections
- · NO out of plane buckling

### **APPLICATIONS**

New and retrofit projects, and can be implemented to all types of buildings;

Steel, timber, concrete, or a hybrid of any.

- Multi story
- · Industrial applications
- · Industrial pallet racks





The Tectonus devices provide moment resistance to the beam-column connections through their tension-compression axial resistance.

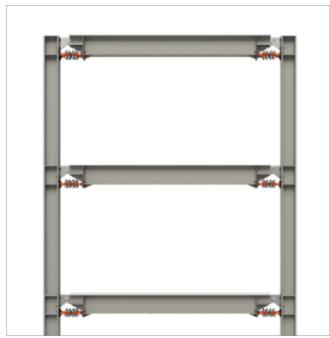
### **ADVANTAGES**

- · Self-centering
- No post event maintenance: Reduced costs when considering earthquake sequences
- Scalability: Can be installed as single unit or combined with others to increase the capacity
- · Arrives on site ready for installation

### **APPLICATIONS**

New and retrofit projects, and can be implemented to all types of buildings; steel, timber, concrete, or a hybrid of any.

- Multi story
- · Portal frames







### **DESIGN GUIDANCE**

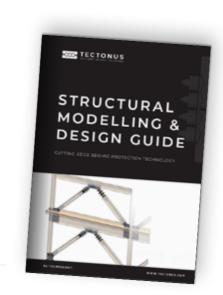
### STRUCTURAL MODELLING & DESIGN GUIDE

To design with the Tectonus devices, refer to the Structural Modelling & Design Guide for the recommended design approach. The guide can be found on the Tectonus website.

### **DEVICE CAPACITY**

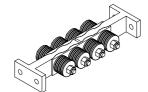
Tectonus devices can be designed to meet any targeted capacity and deflection. The standard range devices can be applied in multiples in a modular pattern to achieve larger capacities.

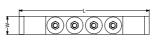
Refer to table on page 10.



### **APPLICATIONS & DIMENSIONS**

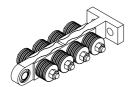
### BRACE

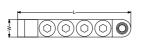


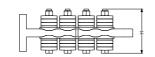




### SHEARWALL

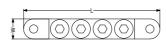


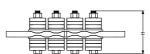




### TENSION ONLY BRACE

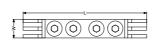


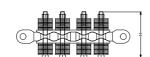




### MOMENT RESISTING FRAME







### DIMENSIONS

The dimensions of the Tectonus devices depend on the demand deflection. To support the application of devices in a wide range of brace sizes, the devices are provided up to 4 different ranges of deflections.

NO. OF BOLTS	L (mm)	W (mm)	H (mm) Note: H value is approximate			
2	refer to page 10	80				
4		80				
6		80	2.07.4			
8		160	2.83 Δ <sub>ult</sub> +100			
16		160				
18		240				

### **CONFIGURATION OPTIONS**

Tectonus device capacity options are listed in the product table on page 10. Some capacities can be designed in more than one configuration giving engineers design options that can be beneficial for space constraints and ease of installation.

### SINGLE

Device has single row of bolts

### DOUBLE

Device has 2 rows of bolts

### TRIPLE

Device has 3 rows of bolts









#### **DEVICES INSTALLED** IN PARALLEL

Multiple Tectonus devices can be installed in parallel in order to achieve higher capacity demands.



### FOR BRACES

The Tectonus devices in brace applications are installed with anti-buckling tubes.



### **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

Each Tectonus device is assembled and performance tested in the New Zealand Tectonus facilities. Testing of each unit is certified with riguouous quality controls and a certificate of flag shape performance is provided for each device.

### **DESIGN SUPPORT**

From concept to peer review, our expert team provides custom engineering design support. Contact us for further information and to discuss support options.



		METRIC			DEVICE CONFIGURATION OPTIONS				IMPERIAL							
	Approximate Length		Δ <sub>ult</sub>	Approx. Capacity	DEVICE CONFIGURATION OPTIONS APPLICATION			Approx Capacity								
single row (mm)	double row (mm)	triple row (mm)	ult (mm)	Fult (kN)	Rows Note: refer to page 9 for examples	Brace	Shearwall	X-Brace	MRF	Fult (kips)	(inch)	single row	double row	triple row		
550			25 to 50	50		~	<u> </u>		<b>~</b>	10	1 to 2	(inch) 22	(inch)	(inch)		
550			25 to 50	75	Single	~	~	•	~	15	1 to 2	22				
550			25 to 50	100	0 0 0 0 0	~	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	20	1 to 2	22				
700	550		25 to 50	150	Cinale or devible	~	~	•	•	35	1 to 2	28	22			
700	550		25 to 100	200	Single or double	~	✓	•	•	45	1 to 4	28	22			
850	550		25 to 100	250		~	~	~	~	55	1 to 4	34	22			
1000	550		25 to 100	300		~	<b>✓</b>	•	•	65	1 to 4	40	22			
1250	700		25 to 100	350		•	•		•	80	1 to 4	50	28			
1400	700		25 to 100	400		<u>,</u>			<u> </u>	90	1 to 4	56	28			
<del></del>	700 850		25 to 100 25 to 100	450 500	Double	~	~		•	100	1 to 4		28 34	==		
	850		25 to 100	550		-	•			125	1 to 4		34			
	1000		25 to 100	600		~	~			135	1 to 4		40			
	1000		25 to 100	650		~	•			145	1 to 4		40			
	1150		25 to 100	700		~	<b>~</b>			155	1 to 4		46			
	1150		25 to 100	750		•	~			170	1 to 4		46			
	1300		25 to 100	800		~	~			180	1 to 4		52			
	1300	1200	25 to 100	850	Double or triple	~	~			190	1 to 4		52	48		
	1400	1200	25 to 100	900	Bouble of triple	~	•			200	1 to 4		56	48		
	1400	1200	25 to 100	950		~	~			215	1 to 4		56	48		
	1400	1200	25 to 100	1000		•	•			225	1 to 4		56	48		
		1250	25 to 100	1050	Triple		<i>y</i>			235	1 to 4			50		
		1250	25 to 100	1100			,			245	1 to 4			50		
		1250	25 to 100 25 to 100	1150		~	~			260 270	1 to 4		 	50 52		
		1300	25 to 100	1250		•	•			280	1 to 4			52		
		1400	25 to 100	1300		~	<b>~</b>			290	1 to 4			56		
		1450	25 to 100	1350		~	•			305	1 to 4			58		
		1500	25 to 100	1400		~	•			315	1 to 4			60		
		1550	25 to 100	1450		~	~			325	1 to 4			62		
			25 to 100	1500	Multiple devices	~	<b>✓</b>			335	1 to 4					
			25 to 100	1550	installed in parallel	~	•			350	1 to 4					
			25 to 100	1600		~	<b>~</b>			360	1 to 4					
			25 to 100	1650		•	•			370	1 to 4					
			25 to 100	1700			<i>y</i>			380	1 to 4					
			25 to 100 25 to 100	1750 1800		~	~			395 405	1 to 4					
			25 to 100	1850		-				415	1 to 4					
			25 to 100	1900		~	~			425	1 to 4					
			25 to 100	1950		~	•			440	1 to 4					
	25 to 100 2000 25 to 100 2100  Multiple devices installed 25 to 100 2200 in parallel 25 to 100 2200		2000		~	•			450	1 to 4						
			2100			~			470	1 to 4						
			25 to 100	2200	<b>v</b> 495 1 to 4					Multiple devices installed in parallel						
25 to 100		2300			•			515	1 to 4		·					
	25 to 100 2400 25 to 100 2500					<b>V</b>			540	1 to 4						
						<b>.</b>			560	1 to 4		TABLE NOTES				
		2600			<i>,</i>			585	1 to 4		· Devices are designed to p					
	25 to 100 2700 25 to 100 2800		2700			,			605 630	1 to 4		self-centering even beyon fuse) with $\Delta_{max}$ = 1.5 $\Delta_{ult}$ and				
25 to 100 2900 25 to 100 3000 25 to 100 3500					•			650	1 to 4		of 1.35  • Given the slight non linear					
					~			675	1 to 4		stage, the F <sub>slin</sub> is determine	ed as the intersect of				
					•			785	1 to 4		the straight lines matchin stiffness of the flag-shape	d curve.				
	25 to 100 25 to 100		4000	<b>v</b> 900 1to 4				• $\Delta_{\rm slip}$ (comparable to SLS) is kept to be about 1mm, 1.5mm and 2mm for 2-bolt, 4-bolt and 6-bolt								
			25 to 100	4500			~			1010	1 to 4		devices, respectively (exclusion resulting from the attachr	uding the deflection		
		25 to 100	5000			•			1125	1 to 4		brackets and anchor bolts				

### CONTACT US

# TECHNICAL SUPPORT & PROJECT ESTIMATES

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Tectonus' dedicated engineering team supports project design from concept to finish. Contact us for further information and to discuss support options.







